

Politecnico di **Torino past** experiences and **future** perspectives in Research and **Innovation**

CRP, Budapest, 14 September 2019

International framework

UN SDGs













Horizon Europe



















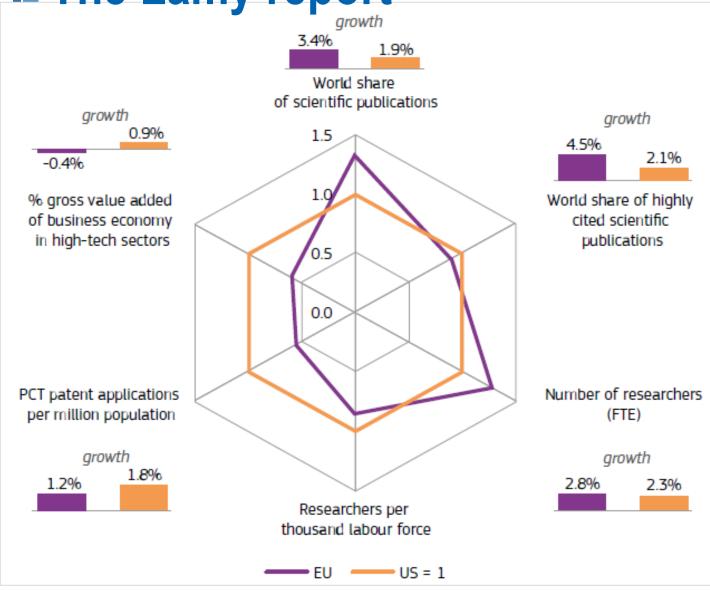




PILLAR I: OPEN SCIENCE	PILLAR II: GLOBAL CHALLENGES AND INDUSTRIAL COMPETITIVENESS	PILLAR III: OPEN INNOVATION
European Research Council (ERC)	Joint Research Council (JRC)	European Innovation Council (EIC)
Marie Skłodowska-Curie Actions (MSCA)	5 Clusters: • Health	Support to innovation ecosystems
Research Infrastructures (RI)	Digital and Industry	European Institute of Innovation and Technology (EIT)
PART IV: STRENGHTENING THE EUROPEAN RESEARCH AREA		

Reforming and enhancing the European R&I system

The Lamy report



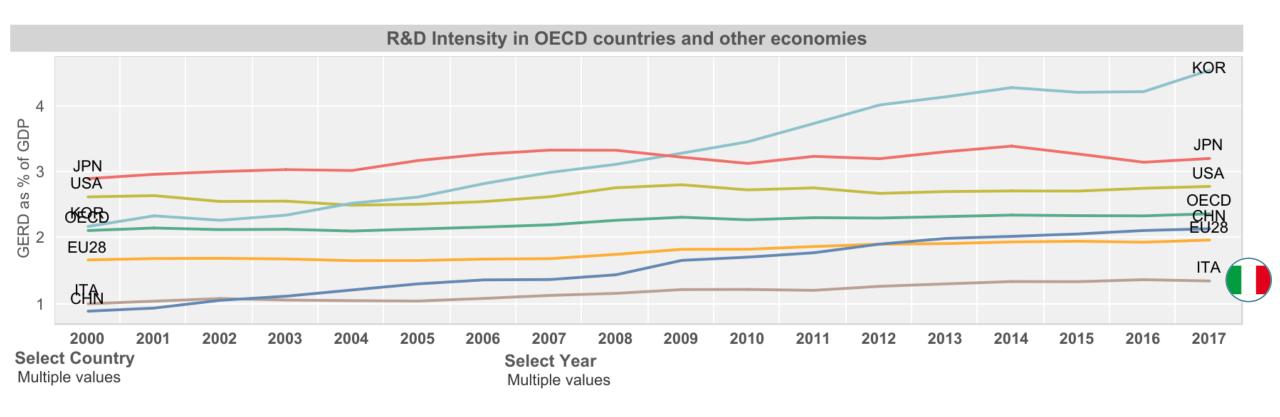


Comparative and growth rates of scientific publications, highly-cited scientific publications, researchers, patent applications and valued-added of high-tech sectors in the EU and the USA.

(Source: European Commission, DG Research and Innovation. Data: Eurostat, OECD, CWTS based on Web of Science database)



Expenditure on R&D (% of GDP)

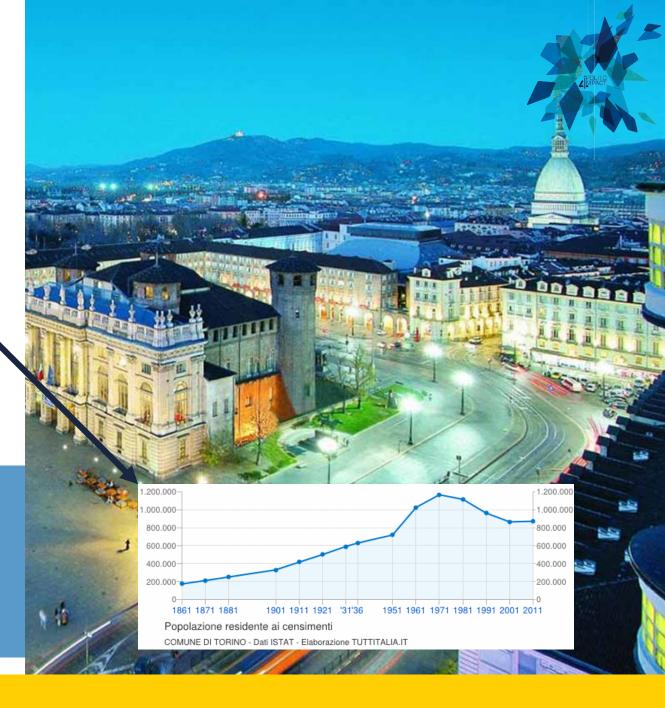


Source: OECD estimates based on OECD Main Science and Technology Indicators Database, August 2019.

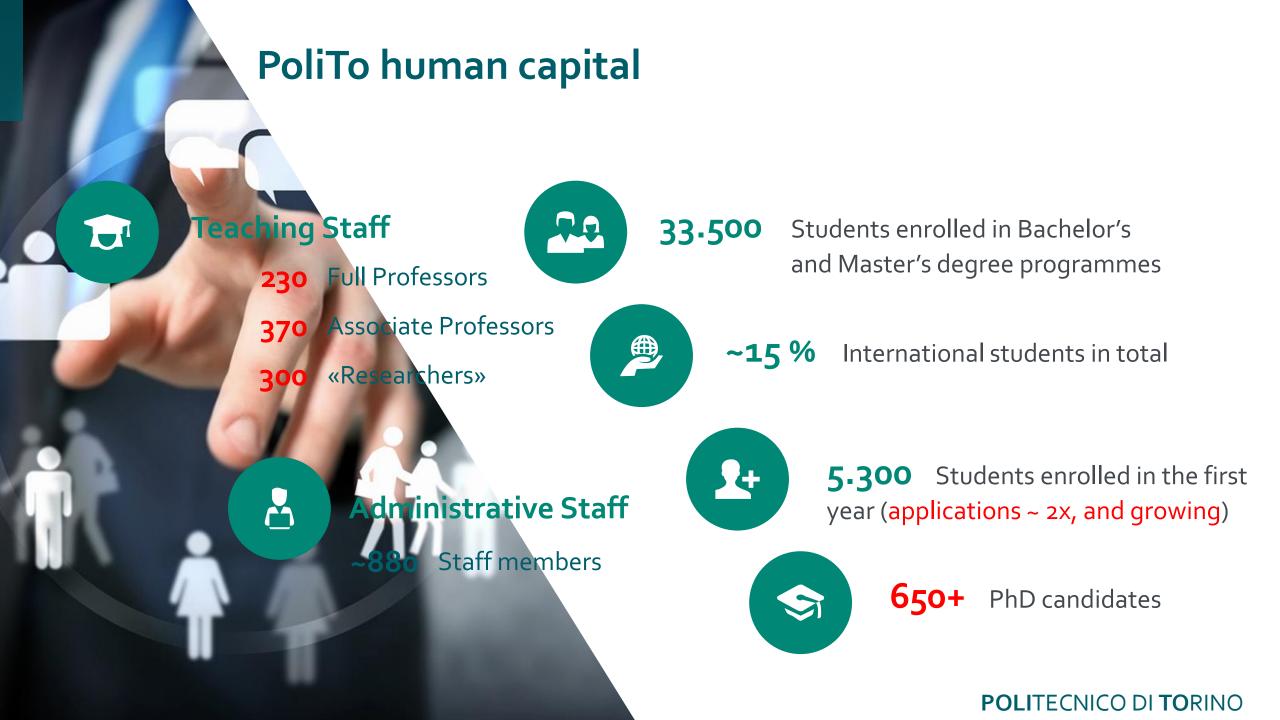
Italian and local context

- Italy and in particular the **Turin area**, are deeply involved in global transformations and have to tackle them from a difficult situation.
- Social and economic bases are being undermined by severe demographic decline, an imbalance between emigration and immigration of young graduates, sluggish productivity growth in different economic sectors.

The result is a clear responsibility to work to the benefit of the society at territorial and national level.

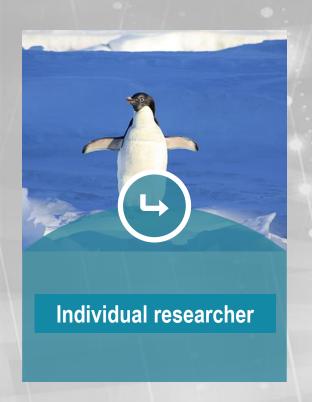






Levels and organisation of research









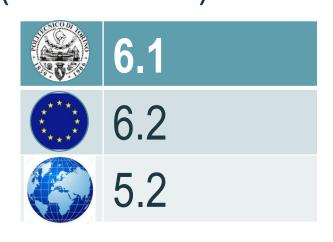


Platform(s)



PoliTo research performance indicators

Citations per publication (2013-2017)



Funding FP7 vs H2020 (1st 4 years)



Success rate in H2020 proposals (2014-2017)



The new challenges



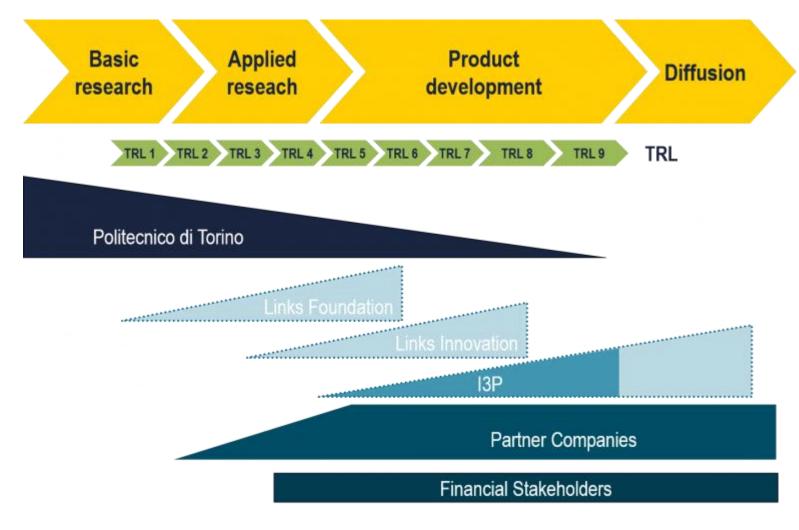
- Support to multidisciplinary research activities and cross-contamination, also through the advancement of the organizational model adopted by the Interdepartmental Centres.
- Progressive diffusion of the principles of *Open*Science for a wide knowledge sharing and dissemination of the research results and data, as well as of the Responsible Research and Innovation
- Integration between the different phases of research and third mission activities



The PoliTo contribution to the innovation value

chain





See also the CESAER white paper on "ROLE OF UNIVERSITIES OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY IN INNOVATION ECOSYSTEMS, by T. Bedford et al., 2018



The Third Mission (*) over time

Analysis

Politecnico di Torino has always recognized the fundamental importance of its role in the activities related to the "third mission" of a university and actively supported the development of Piemonte and Italy by cooperating with industry in the different phases of our history

(*) To have a relevant impact on society

Actions

Two core strategic objectives:

- ★ to increase the resources available for the University
- to contribute to the development of our territory and country

Two main directions:

- the strengthening of the innovation value chain
- working in fields that are still relatively unexplored by our University, dealing with cultural promotion, communication and public engagement



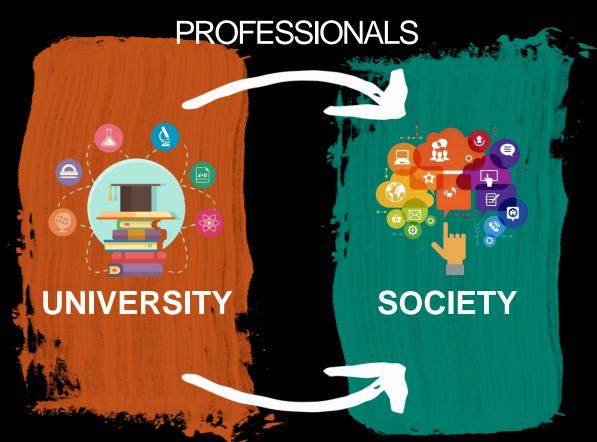


- **IPR management** to increasingly support researchers
- achieve a critical mass of the patent portfolio
- foster Proof of Concept initiatives
- Support the creation of innovative enterprises → I3P incubator (1999, 1st in Italy) spin-offs and start-ups
- attract venture capital funds
- Achieve effective integration into the innovation ecosystem that we are building around our **University**



«MANUFACTURING» UNIVERSITY

«PLATFORM» UNIVERSITY

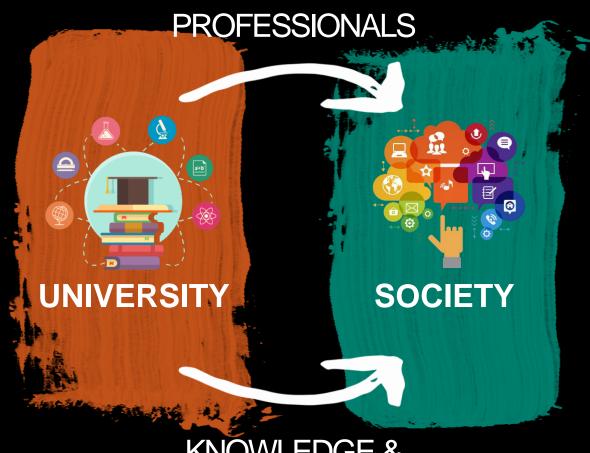


KNOWLEDGE & INNOVATION

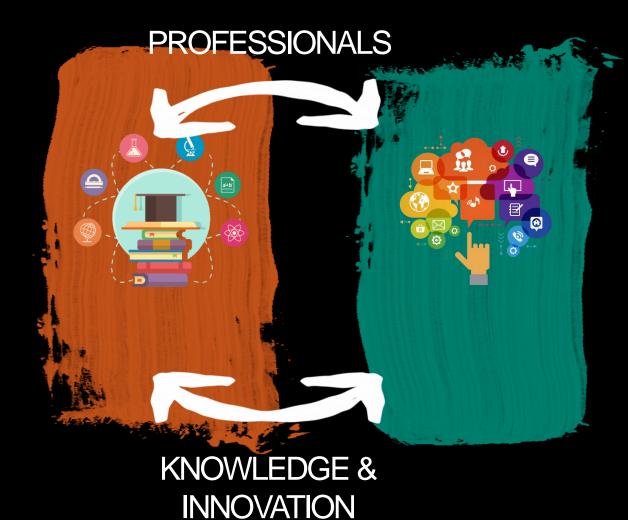




«MANUFACTURING» UNIVERSITY «PLATFORM» UNIVERSITY



KNOWLEDGE & INNOVATION



Refs: KICs, Imperial College White City, ...











BACHELOR,
MASTER,
PhD,
TECHNICAL-JOB
ORIENTED
(FACHHOCHSCHULE)

APPLIED,
INTERDISCIPLINARY,
LARGE
INFRASTRUCTURES

OPEN INNOVATION, THEMATIC START-UPS, IPR VALORIZATION FINANCIAL SERVICES, CONTINUOUS EDUCATION, RE-SKILLING

Other ongoing actions @ PoliTo



- Strengthening the PhD
- PoliTo hub @ BXL
- Strengthening the participation to International University Networks (CESAER, CLUSTER, EUA, Magalhaes, T.I.M.E., UniMed, ...)
- European University Alliance UNITE!









UNIVERSIDADE DE LISBOA













UNIVERSITAT POLITÈCNICA DE CATALUNYA BARCELONATECH

UNITE!

University Network for Innovation, Technology and Engineering





Interdepartmental Centres







Future Urban Legacy Lab





CARS@PoliTO

Center for Automotive Research and Sustainable Mobility



CleanWaterCenter @PoliTo

Ec-L

Energy Center Lab

FULL

Future Urban Legacy Lab

IAM@PoliTo

Integrated Addtive Manufacturing

J-Tech@PoliTO



PEIC

Power Electronics Innovation Center





PhotoNext

Applied Photonics



PIC₄SeR

PoliTO Interdepartmental Centre for Service **Robotics**



PolitoBIOMed Lab R3C

Biomedical Engineering Lab



Responsible Risk Resilience Centre



SmartData@PoliTO

Big Data and data Science Laboratory



Terza Missione:

insieme di attività con le quali le università entrano in interazione diretta con la società*

a) Terza Missione di valorizzazione economica della conoscenza

OBIETTIVO: favorire la crescita economica, attraverso la trasformazione della conoscenza prodotta dalla ricerca in conoscenza utile a fini produttivi.

- gestione della proprietà intellettuale,
- la creazione di imprese,
- la ricerca conto terzi (rapporti ricerca-industria)
- gestione di strutture di intermediazione e di supporto, in genere su scala territoriale.

Margini di attenzione: la conoscenza prodotta dal sistema pubblico di ricerca assume la natura di un bene privato. Da qui nascono delicati problemi di regolazione e di definizioni normative e operative.

b) Terza Missione culturale e sociale.

OBIETTIVO: Produzione di beni pubblici che aumentano il benessere della società con contenuti:

- culturale (eventi e beni culturali, gestione di poli museali, scavi archeologici, divulgazione scientifica), sociale (salute pubblica, attività a beneficio della comunità, consulenze tecnico/professionali fornite in équipe),
- educativo (educazione degli adulti, live long learning life long learning, formazione continua) o di consapevolezza civile dibattiti e controversie pubbliche, expertise scientifica).

Per la fruizione di tali beni non è previsto, in linea generale, il pagamento di un prezzo, o in ogni caso di un prezzo di mercato.

Piattaforma Energia e Acqua



Piattaforma Digital Revolution



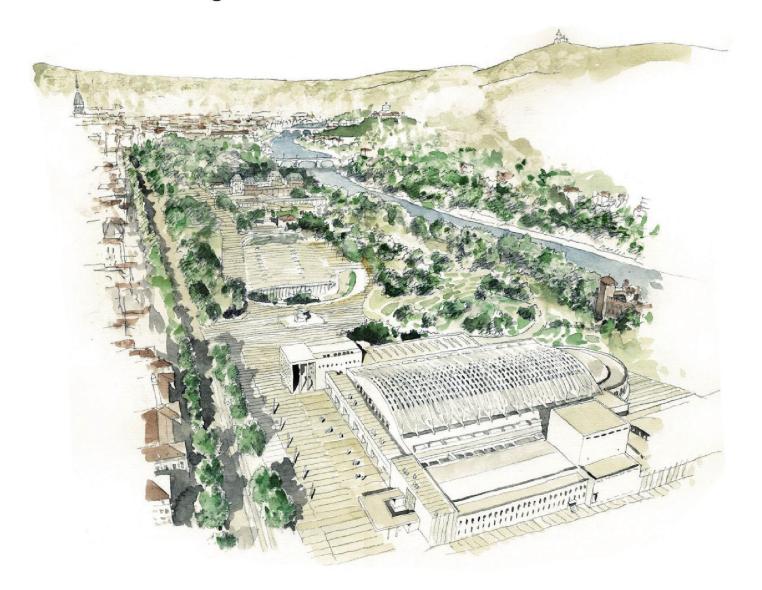
Piattaforma Manufacturing 4.0



Piattaforma Mobilità 3D



Piattaforma Patrimonio e Rigenerazione



Piattaforma Economia Circolare



Impatto delle Piattaforme sull'appetibilità delle aree

